

## Madison County – London City Health District

### Regulation 12 Animal Bites

A resolution of the Madison County Board of Health Providing for the reporting of animal bites and potentially rabid animals, and the quarantine and rabies inoculation of biting animals for the protection of the public health and the prevention of the spread of rabies.

**WHEREAS**, in the Madison County – London City Health District there are, and may in the future be, incidence of human injury and the possibility of rabies transmission due to animal bites; and,

**WHEREAS**, Section 3701-3-28 of the Ohio Administrative Code requires the reporting of all animal bites to the health commissioner within twenty-four hours of the bite; and,

**WHEREAS**, Section 3701-3-29 of the Ohio Administrative Code provides for the quarantine of biting animals.

**WHEREAS**, Section 3701-3-30 of the Ohio Administrative Code requires the reporting of suspected rabid animals to the health commissioner within twenty-four hours; and,

**WHEREAS**, Section 955.261 of the Ohio Revised Code prohibits the removal of a quarantined animal from the health district which imposed the quarantine; and,

**WHEREAS**, The Madison County – London City Board of Health finds it is in the public interest of the residents of, and visitors to, Madison County, Ohio, to minimize the potential for contracting disease and to promote safety, by authority of Section 3709.21 of the Ohio Revised Code.

**BE IT THEREFORE RESOLVED** that the following regulations are adopted as follows:

#### 12-1 Definitions

A. **“Biting Animal”** means any animal, capable of transmitting rabies, which has bitten an individual.

B. **“Board of Health”** means the board of health of the Madison County-London City General Health District, as created by the provisions of section 3709.07 of the Ohio Revised Code.

C. **“Commissioner”** means the health commissioner of the Madison County- London City General Health District or his/her authorized representative.

D. **“Dangerous Dog”** means a dog that, without provocation has chased or approached in either a menacing fashion or an apparent attitude of attack, or has attempted to bite or otherwise endanger any person, while that dog is off the premises of its owner, keeper, or harbinger and not under the reasonable control of its owner, keeper, harbinger, or some other responsible person, or not physically restrained or confined in a locked pen which has a top.

“Dangerous dog” does not include a police dog that has chased or approached in either a menacing fashion or an apparent attitude of attack, or has attempted to bite or otherwise endanger any person while the police dog is being used to assist one or more law enforcement officers in the performance of their official duties.

E. **“Menacing Fashion”** means that a dog would cause any person being chased or approached to reasonably believe that the dog will cause physical injury to that person.

F. **“Person”** means the State, any political subdivision, public or private, corporation, partnership, firm, association, individual, or other entity

G. **“Police Dog”** means a dog that has been trained, and may be used, to assist one or more law enforcement officers in the performance of their official duties.

H. **“Quarantine”** means the restriction of an animal in such a manner as to prevent effective contact with other animals or persons

I. **“Shall”** means required

J. **“Vicious Dog”** means a dog that, without provocation and subject to division (D) of this section, meets any of the following:

(i) Has killed or caused serious injury to any person;

(ii) Has caused injury, other than killing or serious injury, to any person, or has killed another dog.

(iii) Belongs to a breed that is commonly known as a pit bull dog. The ownership, keeping, or harboring of such a breed of dog shall be prima-facie evidence of the ownership, keeping, or harboring of a vicious dog.

(iv) **“Vicious Dog”** does not include either of the following:

(v) A police dog that has killed or caused serious injury to any person or that has caused injury, other than killing or serious injury, to any person while the police dog is being used to assist one or more law enforcement officers in the performance of their official duties;

(vi) A dog that has killed or caused serious injury to any person while a person was committing or attempting to commit a trespass or other criminal offense on the property of the owner, keeper, or harbinger of the dog.

K. **“Without Provocation”** means that a dog was not teased, tormented, or abused by a person, or that the dog was not coming to the aid or the defense of a person who was not engaged in illegal or criminal activity and who was not using the dog as a means of carrying out such activity.

## **12-2 Transfer of Ownership**

A. Upon the transfer of ownership of any dog, the seller of the dog shall give the buyer a transfer of ownership certificate that shall be signed by the seller. The certificate shall contain the registration number of the dog, the name of the seller, and a brief description of the dog. Blank forms of the certificate may be obtained from the county auditor. A transfer of ownership shall be recorded by the auditor upon presentation of a transfer of ownership certificate that is signed by the former owner of a dog and that is accompanied by the appropriate fee.

B. Prior to the transfer of ownership or possession of any dog, upon the buyer’s or other transferee’s request, the seller or other transferor of the dog shall give to the person a written notice relative to the behavior and propensities of the dog.

C. Within ten days after the transfer of ownership or possession of any dog, if the seller or other transferor of the dog has knowledge that the dog is a dangerous or vicious dog, he shall give to the buyer or other transferee,

the board of health for the district in which the buyer or other transferee resides, and the dog warden of the county in which the buyer or other transferee resides, a completed copy of a written form on which the seller shall furnish the following information:

- (1) The name and address of the buyer or other transferee of the dog;
- (2) The age, sex, color, breed, and current registration number of the dog.

**In addition, the seller shall answer the following questions which shall be specifically stated on the form as follows:**

“Has the dog ever chased or attempted to attack or bite a person? if yes, describe the incident(s) in which the behavior occurred.”

“Has the dog ever bitten a person? if yes, describe the incident(s) in which the behavior occurred.”

“Has the dog ever seriously injured or killed a person? if yes, describe the incident(s) in which the behavior occurred.”

The dog warden of the county in which the seller resides shall furnish the form to the seller at no cost.

D. No seller or other transferor of a dog shall fail to comply with the applicable requirements of divisions (A) to (C) of this section.

### **12-3 Reporting of Animal Bites or Suspected Rabid Animals**

A. Whenever a person is bitten by a dog or other animal, report of such bite shall be made within twenty-four hours to the commissioner. The report herein required shall be made by the same persons made responsible for reporting diseases listed as Class A in rule 3701-3-02 of the Ohio Administrative Code, by the owner of the animal, or by the person bitten.

B. Any veterinarian or other person, who examines, treats, owns, harbors, or otherwise cares for any animals which exhibit symptoms or behavior suggestive of rabies shall report such fact within twenty-four hours to the commissioner. Such animal shall be confined until it has been determined that it is not afflicted with rabies. If it is determined that the animal is rabid, the commissioner shall take such action as is necessary to prevent the occurrence of rabies in persons or animals known or presumed to have been exposed to such rabid animal.

### **12-4 Quarantine of Biting Animals**

#### **A. Biting Dog or Cat**

(1) Whenever it is reported to the commissioner that any dog or cat has bitten a person, that dog or cat shall be quarantined under an order issued by the commissioner. The dog or cat shall be quarantined by its owner or a harbinger, or in a pound or kennel. In all cases, the quarantine shall be under the supervision of the commissioner and at the owner's or harbinger's expense.

(2) The quarantine shall last for a period of ten days from the date of the bite and may be extended by the commissioner as necessary. If at any time during the quarantine period the commissioner determines that the animal is not being properly quarantined, he/she may require that the animal be moved to a pound or kennel for the remainder of the quarantine period, at the owner's or harbinger's expense.

(3) On the tenth day of the quarantine, or by the next subsequent work day as determined by the commissioner if the tenth day lands on a weekend or holiday, the animal shall be examined for symptoms of rabies by the commissioner or his/her representative. At this time the animal's owner will need to present a copy of the vaccination records before the animal can be removed from the quarantine.

(4) If any quarantined dog or cat dies before the quarantine period expires, then the head of the animal shall be submitted to the Ohio Department of Health Laboratories for rabies examination. Veterinary fees associated with the removal of the head shall be the responsibility of the owner or the harbor of the animal.

(5) If the owner or harbor of the dog or cat is unknown, the commissioner may direct that the dog or cat be killed, by a suitable, humane method, in which case the head of the animal shall be submitted to the Ohio Department of Health Laboratories for rabies examination.

## B. Other Biting Animals

Whenever it is reported to the commissioner that any other animal that is commonly known to transmit rabies has bitten a person, the commissioner, at his/her discretion may direct the immediate killing of said animal by a suitable, humane method. The head of said animal shall then be submitted to the Ohio Department of Health Laboratories for rabies examination.

C. No animal currently under quarantine may be removed from the county in which the quarantine was imposed until such quarantine has ended.

## 12-5 Rabies Vaccination of Quarantined Animals

No dog or cat shall be released from quarantine unless and until it has been properly vaccinated against rabies. Proof of proper vaccination shall be presented to the commissioner upon request.

## 12-6 Dangerous and Vicious Dogs

A. Any dog meeting the definition of a **dangerous** or **vicious** dog as stated in section 12-1 of this rule shall be so declared by the board of health.

B. No owner, keeper, or harbinger of a **dangerous** or **vicious** dog shall fail to do either of the following, except when the dog is lawfully engaged in hunting or training for the purpose of hunting, accompanied by the owner, keeper, harbinger, or a handler:

- (1) While that dog is on the premises of the owner, keeper, or harbinger, securely confined it at all times in a locked pen which has a top;
- (2) While that dog is off the premises of the owner, keeper, or harbinger, keep it on a chain-link leash or tether that is not more than six feet in length and muzzled at all times, or keep that dog in a locked pen which has a top or other locked enclosure which has a top;

C. No owner, keeper, or harbinger of a vicious dog shall fail to obtain liability insurance in this state providing coverage in each occurrence, subject to a limit, exclusive of interest and costs, of not less than one-hundred thousand dollars because of damage or bodily injury to or death of a person caused by the vicious dog.

## **12-7 Penalties**

This regulation has been constructed and adopted under the authority of the Ohio Revised Code section 3709.21. Penalties for violation of any provision of this rule are provided for in Ohio Revised Code 3709.99. Enforcement of this regulation does not preclude enforcement of any similar portions of the Ohio Revised Code.

### **Effect of Partial Invalidity**

Each rule of Madison County Regulation Twelve, and every part of each rule is an independent rule and a part of a rule, and the holding of any rule or part thereof to be unconstitutional, void, or not effective for any cause does not affect the validity or constitutionality of any other rule or part thereof.

### **Repeal and Date of Effect**

All regulations and parts of regulations in conflict with Madison County Regulation Twelve are hereby repealed and Madison County regulation Twelve shall be in full force immediately upon its adoption, as provided by law.

**Adopted: August 8, 2011**

## Ohio Revised Code

### **3709.07 Union of city with general health districts.**

Except as provided in section [3709.071](#) of the Revised Code, when it is proposed that one or more city health districts unite with a general health district in the formation of a single district, the district advisory council of the general health district shall meet and vote on the question of union. It shall require a majority affirmative vote of the members of the district advisory council to carry the question. The legislative authority of each city shall likewise vote on the question. A majority voting affirmatively shall be required for approval. When the majority of the district advisory council and the legislative authority have voted affirmatively, the chair of the council and the chief executive of each city shall enter into a contract for the administration of health affairs in the combined district. Such contract shall state the proportion of the expenses of the board of health or health department of the combined district to be paid by the city or cities and by the original general health district. The contract may provide that the administration of the combined district shall be taken over by either the board of health or health department of one of the cities, by the board of health of the general health district, or by a combined board of health. Such contract shall prescribe the date on which such change of administration shall be made. A copy of such contract shall be filed with the director of health.

The combined district shall constitute a general health district, and the board of health or health department of the city, the board of health of the original general health district, or the combined board of health, as may be agreed in the contract, shall have, within the combined district, all the powers granted to, and perform all the duties required of, the board of health of a general health district.

The district advisory council of the combined general health district shall consist of the members of the district advisory council of the original general health district and the chief executive of each city constituting a city health district, each member having one vote.

If the contract provides that the administration of the combined district shall be taken over by a combined board of health, rather than the board of health of the original health district, the contract shall set forth the number of members of such board, their terms of office, and the manner of appointment or election of officers. One of the members of such combined board of health shall be a physician, and one member shall be an individual appointed by the health district licensing council established under section [3709.41](#) of the Revised Code. The contract may also provide for the representation of areas by one or more members and shall, in such event, specify the territory to be included in each such area.

The appointment of any member of the combined board who is designated by the provisions of the contract to represent a city shall be made by the chief executive and approved by the legislative authority of such city. If a member is designated by the contract to represent more than one city, the member shall be appointed by majority vote of the chief executives of all cities included in any such area. Except for the member appointed by the health district licensing council, the appointment of all members of the combined board who are designated to represent the balance of the district shall be made by the district advisory council.

The service status of any person employed by a city or general health district shall not be affected by the creation of a combined district.

Effective Date: 11-21-2001

### **3709.21 Orders and regulations of board of general health district.**

The board of health of a general health district may make such orders and regulations as are necessary for its own government, for the public health, the prevention or restriction of disease, and the prevention, abatement, or suppression of nuisances. Such board may require that no human, animal, or household wastes from sanitary installations within the district be discharged into a storm sewer, open ditch, or watercourse without a permit therefor having been secured from the board under such terms as the board requires. All orders and regulations not for the government of the board, but intended for the general public, shall be adopted, recorded, and certified as are ordinances of municipal corporations and the record thereof shall be given in all courts the same

effect as is given such ordinances, but the advertisements of such orders and regulations shall be by publication in one newspaper published and of general circulation within the district. Publication shall be made once a week for two consecutive weeks and such orders and regulations shall take effect and be in force ten days from the date of the first publication. In cases of emergency caused by epidemics of contagious or infectious diseases, or conditions or events endangering the public health, the board may declare such orders and regulations to be emergency measures, and such orders and regulations shall become effective immediately without such advertising, recording, and certifying.

Effective Date: 10-01-1953

### **3709.99 Penalty.**

(A) Whoever violates section [3709.20](#), [3709.21](#), or [3709.22](#) of the Revised Code or any order or regulation of the board of health of a city or general health district adopted in pursuance of those sections, or whoever interferes with the execution of an order or regulation of that nature by a member of the board or person authorized by the board, shall be fined not more than one hundred dollars or imprisoned not more than ninety days, or both. No person shall be imprisoned for the first offense, and the prosecution shall always be for a first offense unless the affidavit upon which the prosecution is instituted contains the allegation that the offense is a subsequent offense.

(B) Except in case of an emergency endangering the public health caused by an epidemic, an infectious or a communicable disease, or a disaster emergency condition or event, no prosecution for a violation of any regulation or order adopted pursuant to section [3709.20](#), [3709.21](#), or [3709.22](#) of the Revised Code shall take place until twenty days after the board of health of a city or general health district has notified the person subject to the regulation or order of the specific violation alleged. Any person notified by the board of a violation of any regulation or order of that nature may file an action for declaratory judgment pursuant to Chapter 2721. of the Revised Code to have determined whether the regulation or order is unreasonable or unlawful. No prosecution of that nature shall be commenced when, within the twenty-day period described in this division, the violation has been corrected. No prosecution of that nature shall be commenced until a declaratory judgment of that nature has been given.

Effective Date: 09-24-1999

## **Ohio Administrative Code**

### **3701-3-28 Report of bite of dog or other mammal.**

Whenever an individual is bitten by a dog or other mammal, report of such bite shall be made within twenty-four hours to the health commissioner of the district in which such bite occurred. The report herein required shall be made by any health care provider, or by any licensed doctor of veterinary medicine with knowledge of the bite, or by the individual bitten.

Effective: 01/01/2009

R.C. [119.032](#) review dates: 09/15/2008 and 01/01/2014

Promulgated Under: [119.03](#)

Statutory Authority: 3701.34

Rule Amplifies: 3701.34, 3707.06, 3707.07

Prior Effective Dates: 4/1/64, 3/13/1980, 10/19/03

## **3701-3-29 Biting animal to be confined; veterinarian to report.**

### (A) Biting dog, cat, or ferret.

(1) Whenever it is reported to the health commissioner of a health district that any dog, cat, or ferret has bitten an individual, that dog, cat, or ferret shall be quarantined under an order issued by the health commissioner of the health district in which the bite was inflicted. The dog, cat, or ferret shall be quarantined by its owner or by a harbinger, or shall be quarantined in a pound or kennel. In all cases, said quarantine shall be under the supervision of the health commissioner and shall be at the expense of the owner or harbinger. Quarantine shall continue until the health commissioner of the health district in which the bite was inflicted determines that the dog, cat, or ferret is not afflicted with rabies. The quarantine period hereby required shall not be less than ten days from the date on which the person was bitten. If at any time during the quarantine, the health commissioner requires the dog, cat, or ferret to be examined for symptoms of rabies, then the examination shall be by a licensed doctor of veterinary medicine. The licensed doctor of veterinary medicine shall report to the health commissioner the conclusions reached as a result of the examinations. The examination by a licensed doctor of veterinary shall be at the expense of the owner or harbinger. No dog, cat, or ferret shall be released from the required quarantine unless and until it has been properly vaccinated against rabies by a licensed doctor of veterinary medicine.

(2) If any quarantined dog, cat, or ferret dies before the quarantine period expires, then the head of the dog, cat, or ferret shall be submitted to the Ohio department of health's bureau of public health laboratories for rabies examination.

(3) If the owner or harbinger of the dog, cat, or ferret is unknown, the health commissioner may direct that the dog, cat, or ferret be humanely killed in which case the head of the dog, cat, or ferret shall be submitted to the Ohio department of health's bureau of public health laboratories for rabies examination.

(4) Any dog, cat, or ferret bitten by a known rabid mammal, or that had reasonable probability to have been bitten by a wild carnivorous mammal or bat that is not available for rabies testing shall be regarded as having been exposed to the rabies virus.

(a) Dogs, cats, or ferrets not currently vaccinated against the rabies virus or when vaccination cannot be verified shall be humanely killed; or if sufficient justification for preserving the dog, cat, or ferret exists, the exposed dog, cat, or ferret shall be quarantined by the health commissioner of the health district in which the bite was inflicted. The quarantine period shall be for not less than six months. The dog, cat, or ferret shall be vaccinated against rabies by a licensed doctor of veterinary medicine one month before the end of the quarantine period required by this paragraph.

(b) Mammals with a current rabies vaccination shall be given a booster rabies vaccination immediately and quarantined under an order issued by the health commissioner of the health district in which the bite was inflicted. The quarantine period shall be for not less than forty-five days.

### (B) Other biting mammals.

Whenever it is reported to the health commissioner of the health district that any other mammal that is known to transmit rabies has bitten a person, the health commissioner, at his or her discretion, may direct the immediate killing of said mammal by a suitable humane method. The head of said mammal shall then be submitted to the Ohio department of health's bureau of public health laboratories for rabies examination.

Effective: 01/01/2009

R.C. [119.032](#) review dates: 09/15/2008 and 01/01/2014

Promulgated Under: [119.03](#)

Statutory Authority: 3701.34

Rule Amplifies: 3701.13, 3707.06, 3707.07

Prior Effective Dates: 4/1/1964, 3/13/80, 9/21/81, 10/19/03

### **3701-3-30 Report of suspected rabid mammal.**

Any licensed doctor of veterinary medicine or other person who examines, treats, owns, harbors, or otherwise cares for any mammal which exhibits symptoms or behavior suggestive of rabies, shall confine and isolate such mammal in suitable quarters and shall report such fact within twenty-four hours after the symptoms or behaviors are observed or known to the health commissioner of the health district wherein such mammal is confined. Such mammal shall be confined until it has been determined that it is not afflicted with rabies. If it is determined that the mammal is rabid, the health commissioner shall take such action as is necessary to prevent the occurrence of rabies in individuals or mammals known or presumed to have been exposed to such rabid mammal.

Effective: 01/01/2009

R.C. [119.032](#) review dates: 09/15/2008 and 01/01/2014

Promulgated Under: [119.03](#)

Statutory Authority: 3701.34

Rule Amplifies: 3701.13, 3707.06, 3707.07

Prior Effective Dates: 4/1/1964, 10/19/03

## **955.22 Confining, restraining, debarking dogs.**

(A) As used in this section, "dangerous dog" and "vicious dog" have the same meanings as in section [955.11](#) of the Revised Code.

(B) No owner, keeper, or harbinger of any female dog shall permit it to go beyond the premises of the owner, keeper, or harbinger at any time the dog is in heat unless the dog is properly in leash.

(C) Except when a dog is lawfully engaged in hunting and accompanied by the owner, keeper, harbinger, or handler of the dog, no owner, keeper, or harbinger of any dog shall fail at any time to do either of the following:

(1) Keep the dog physically confined or restrained upon the premises of the owner, keeper, or harbinger by a leash, tether, adequate fence, supervision, or secure enclosure to prevent escape;

(2) Keep the dog under the reasonable control of some person.

(D) Except when a dangerous or vicious dog is lawfully engaged in hunting or training for the purpose of hunting and is accompanied by the owner, keeper, harbinger, or handler of the dog, no owner, keeper, or harbinger of a dangerous or vicious dog shall fail to do either of the following:

(1) While that dog is on the premises of the owner, keeper, or harbinger, securely confine it at all times in a locked pen that has a top, locked fenced yard, or other locked enclosure that has a top, except that a dangerous dog may, in the alternative, be tied with a leash or tether so that the dog is adequately restrained;

(2) While that dog is off the premises of the owner, keeper, or harbinger, keep that dog on a chain-link leash or tether that is not more than six feet in length and additionally do at least one of the following:

(a) Keep that dog in a locked pen that has a top, locked fenced yard, or other locked enclosure that has a top;

(b) Have the leash or tether controlled by a person who is of suitable age and discretion or securely attach, tie, or affix the leash or tether to the ground or a stationary object or fixture so that the dog is adequately restrained and station such a person in close enough proximity to that dog so as to prevent it from causing injury to any person;

(c) Muzzle that dog.

(E) No owner, keeper, or harbinger of a vicious dog shall fail to obtain liability insurance with an insurer authorized to write liability insurance in this state providing coverage in each occurrence, subject to a limit, exclusive of interest and costs, of not less than one hundred thousand dollars because of damage or bodily injury to or death of a person caused by the vicious dog.

(F) No person shall do any of the following:

(1) Debark or surgically silence a dog that the person knows or has reason to believe is a vicious dog;

(2) Possess a vicious dog if the person knows or has reason to believe that the dog has been debarked or surgically silenced;

(3) Falsely attest on a waiver form provided by the veterinarian under division (G) of this section that the person's dog is not a vicious dog or otherwise provide false information on that written waiver form.

(G) Before a veterinarian debarks or surgically silences a dog, the veterinarian may give the owner of the dog a written waiver form that attests that the dog is not a vicious dog. The written waiver form shall include all of the following:

(1) The veterinarian's license number and current business address;

(2) The number of the license of the dog if the dog is licensed;

(3) A reasonable description of the age, coloring, and gender of the dog as well as any notable markings on the dog;

(4) The signature of the owner of the dog attesting that the owner's dog is not a vicious dog;

(5) A statement that division (F) of section 955.22 of the Revised Code prohibits any person from doing any of the following:

(a) Debarking or surgically silencing a dog that the person knows or has reason to believe is a vicious dog;

(b) Possessing a vicious dog if the person knows or has reason to believe that the dog has been debarked or surgically silenced;

(c) Falsely attesting on a waiver form provided by the veterinarian under division (G) of section 955.22 of the Revised Code that the person's dog is not a vicious dog or otherwise provide false information on that written waiver form.

(H) It is an affirmative defense to a charge of a violation of division (F) of this section that the veterinarian who is charged with the violation obtained, prior to debarking or surgically silencing the dog, a written waiver form that complies with division (G) of this section and that attests that the dog is not a vicious dog.

Effective Date: 10-10-2000

## **955.26 Rabies quarantine.**

Whenever, in the judgment of the director of health, any city or general health district board of health, or persons performing the duties of a board of health, rabies is prevalent, the director of health, the board, or those persons shall declare a quarantine of all dogs in the health district or in a part of it. During the quarantine, the owner, keeper, or harbinger of any dog shall keep it confined on the premises of the owner, keeper, or harbinger, or in a suitable pound or kennel, at the expense of the owner, keeper, or harbinger, except that a dog may be permitted to leave the premises of its owner, keeper, or harbinger if it is under leash or under the control of a responsible person. The quarantine order shall be considered an emergency and need not be published.

When the quarantine has been declared, the director of health, the board, or those persons may require vaccination for rabies of all dogs within the health district or part of it. Proof of rabies vaccination within a satisfactory period shall be demonstrated to the county auditor before any registration is issued under section [955.01](#) of the Revised Code for any dog that is required to be vaccinated.

The public health council shall determine appropriate methods of rabies vaccination and satisfactory periods for purposes of quarantines under this section.

When a quarantine of dogs has been declared in any health district or part of a health district, the county dog warden and all other persons having the authority of police officers shall assist the health authorities in enforcing the quarantine order. When rabies vaccination has been declared compulsory in any health district or part of a health district, the dog warden shall assist the health authorities in enforcing the vaccination order.

Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, a city or general health district board of health may make orders pursuant to sections [3709.20](#) and [3709.21](#) of the Revised Code requiring the vaccination of dogs.

Effective Date: 07-10-1987